

to operate for gain must be obtained from the Public Utility Board. Every driver of a motor vehicle not in possession of a chauffeur's licence, must secure an operator's licence.

A non-resident may use his motor vehicle for not more than three months in any year, but a non-resident operating a truck for gain must comply with the Public Utility Board requirements. Cities, towns and villages have authority to regulate speed limits within their boundaries. A loaded truck shall not be driven at more than 25 miles per hour, nor an unloaded truck at more than 35 miles per hour, while no motor vehicle may be driven at more than 35 miles per hour when passing any motor or other vehicle going in the opposite direction. Otherwise, speed is governed by the amount of traffic, the nature, condition and use of the highways. No motor vehicle and its load shall have a greater width than 96 inches, while no vehicle shall have a length of more than 33 feet, and no combination of vehicles coupled together shall have a length of more than 85 feet. The maximum height of a vehicle including its load is 14 feet and the maximum weight of any vehicle and its load must not exceed 20,000 lb. Motor vehicles must stop for street cars which are taking on or discharging passengers. Should a driver on leaving a stopping place in a city or town desire to turn, he may do so only at an intersection of the public highway.

Alberta.—The law relating to motor vehicles is contained in the Vehicles and Highway Traffic Act, 1924. The speed limits are: 20 miles an hour in cities, towns and villages; 10 miles an hour at street crossings and bridges; and 30 miles an hour outside cities, towns and villages. A motor car may not pass a street car which has stopped for passengers to get on or off. A resident of any other province of Canada, entering Alberta for pleasure touring for a period not greater than six months, is required to have complied with the motor-vehicle laws of his own province, and on entering Alberta to register with the Provincial Police. Residents of the United States entering Alberta for touring purposes may carry with them their customs certificates in lieu of registration. The Provincial Secretary may revoke or suspend the licence of any chauffeur convicted under the provisions of the Liquor Act of selling or having for sale intoxicating liquor. Provision is made for the impounding of cars where the owners or drivers are convicted of driving cars while intoxicated or convicted under other sections of the Act relating to speeding and juvenile driving. There is provision against the carrying of loaded weapons in an automobile—a preventive measure against accidents during hunting trips.

British Columbia.—Under the Motor Vehicle Act and amending Acts, all motor vehicles are to be registered with the Commissioner of Provincial Police. Trailers must also be licensed. Motor vehicles registered outside of the province may be used for touring purposes for a period up to six months providing that their owners obtain non-resident touring permits or carry the customs permits in the case of residents of the United States.

Motor vehicles are to be driven in a careful and prudent manner at all times. The onus is on the driver for driving to the common danger if driving at a greater speed than 20 miles per hour in any city, town or village, or 30 miles per hour outside cities, towns or villages, or greater than the maximum rate of speed stated on signs erected on certain portions of the highway. A motor vehicle may not pass a standing street car at more than 5 miles per hour, if such street car is not taking on or discharging passengers, and must stop at least 10 feet from the passenger